THE BERRY DOCTOR'S JOURNAL

Weekly News from Berry Science

2007 USDA Database of ORAC Scores for 277 Common Foods



Put high-ORAC foods into your diet!

Inventors of the often-used benchmark for antioxidant quality of foods - ORAC - are scientists with the US Department of Agriculture who have published a new list of ORAC scores for common foods consumed in the United States.

For a review of ORAC from the Berry Doctor's Journal, begin here and browse through the topics.

Here's what the ORAC score actually measures -- remember: it's a laboratory measurement in a test tube.

There is no way to measure antioxidant values <u>inside</u> the human body!

Now that you have some familiarity with this subject growing in public interest,

you can scan the PDF file for foods you currently use in your diet then perhaps add more with high antioxidant capacity.

Here's the new 2007 USDA database

click on the ORAC Report!

Background

A pandemic of poor diets and lifestyle practices linked to rising rates of obesity, diabetes, cancer, chronic inflammation, pain and cardiovascular diseases has swept across the world in recent decades.

Recognizing the urgent need to redirect consumer attention toward healthier eating habits and lifestyles, various scientific and consumer organizations have released advisories for eating higher amounts of whole natural foods, including color-rich plants like berries that have relatively high ORAC among foods commonly eaten in Western diets.

Health Power of Pigments

Discussed previously from the Berry Doctor's Journal, pigments are the antioxidant chemicals naturally present in colorful plant foods.

- Berries and the Color Code
- Phenolics, Flavonoids and Anthocyanins
 - Power of Pigments



Spoon yourself some ORAC!

Summary of Key Interpretations

- all foods have antioxidant value
- the hierarchy of ORAC values among foods 1) is proportional to phenolic content, assessed in the report by gallic acid (a natural plant phenolic) equivalents and 2) is

- approximately proportional to color richness
- "color richness" can even mean "blackness", "blueness", "purpleness" or "redness", i.e., more color = more pigments = more ORAC
- pigments that distribute in water (e.g., phenolics and vitamin C) are <u>additive</u> with those that dissolve in fat (e.g., lipid-soluble carotenoids and vitamin E)
- foods that have been dried have increased ORAC, an artificial result due to less water in the reference amount of food analyzed -- this is partly why dried ground spices have such high ORAC values

<u>Highest ORAC</u> scores among the 277 foods were *spices* (values are ORAC units per 100 grams of food sample)

- 1. dried ground cloves = 314,446
- 2. cinnamon = 267,536 (yes, go ahead and flavor your snacks with as much as you like)
- 3. oregano = 200,129
 - Dried cocoa (80,933) and baking chocolate (52,000) had high ORAC scores !
 - Common black pepper had a respectable ORAC of 27,618 !

Other facts

- Lowest ORAC scores were for watermelon (142), eggplant (245) and iceberg lettuce (438)
- Foods with pigmentation scored higher than their cousins with less, e.g. red delicious vs. golden delicious apples, red leaf vs. white iceberg lettuce, black vs. red currants, red vs. white onions
- Cooking reduced ORAC scores

Results for <mark>Common Berries</mark> Grown and Consumed Domestically in the USA

Berries	ORAC
Black	16,062
chokeberry	
Elderberry	14,697
Cranberry	9,584
Black	7,960
currant	
Cultivated	
blueberry	6,552
Blackberry	5,347
Red	4,882

raspberry	
Raisin	4,188
(grape)	
Strawberry	3,577
Red currant	3,387
Gooseberry	3,277
Grape (raw)	1,260

Numbers are micromoles of Trolox equivalents per 100 grams of sample (this is the laboratory measure of ORAC)



Black chokeberries, *Aronia melanocarpa* Courtesy of Purdue University

Non-US native berries discussed here at the Berry Doctor's Journal (omitted from the 2007 USDA ORAC report)

- Açaí = 102,700 ORAC units (click for reference)
- Seabuckthorn ("seaberry", not reported; expected high due to exceptional levels of vitamins C and E, carotenoids and phenolics)
- Goji (wolfberry) = 30,300 (read the ORAC and nutrient comparison with açaí here, click)
- Check out the ranking of the top 10 ORAC berries!

Controlling ORAC intake is in our own hands...



Could health be any easier?

Eat a Colorful Diet!

Additional References (inexpensive on Amazon.com)

- Heber D. What Color Is Your Diet?, ReganBooks/HarperCollins, New York, 2001
- Joseph JA, Nadeau DA, Underwood A. The Color Code, Hyperion Books, New York, 2002

ARCHIVES (click!)

Could information like this be of interest to someone you know?

Suggest a visit to the Berry Doctor Sign-in Page!

Dr. Paul The Berry Doctor

Want to reprint an article? I have a wide variety of articles on berry nutrition and food antioxidants you can consider for your website or newsletter. I'm sure there's a perfect fit for you! Please email me and I'll be happy to give you some choices and the attribution line.

Privacy policy: I do not rent, sell, trade or share your email address with anyone, ever.

To change your email address: send a note with the new address to The Berry Doctor!

To unsubscribe: Click once on the "unsubscribe" link at the end of the email page you receive.

The fine print: This newsletter is © 2007 by The Berry Doctor